UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the **Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (date of earliest event reported): March 7, 2024

RED VIOLET, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-38407 (Commission File Number)

82-2408531 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

2650 North Military Trail, Suite 300, Boca Raton, FL 33431 (Address of principal executive offices)

561-757-4000 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

D Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol (s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share	RDVT	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company \Box

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

On March 7, 2024, Red Violet, Inc. (the "Company") posted a corporate presentation on its website that provides a current overview about the Company. The corporate presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K and Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, nor be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.

99.1 Corporate Presentation dated March 7, 2024.

104 Cover page Interactive Data File (embedded within the inline XBRL file).

SIGNATURES

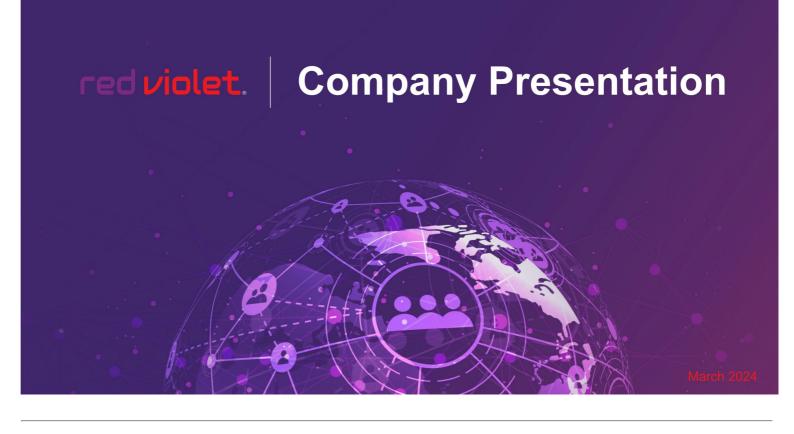
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Red Violet, Inc.

Date: March 7, 2024

By: /s/ Derek Dubner

Derek Dubner Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)



This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures, which have not been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). These non-GAAP financial measures are in addition to, and not as a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of these non-GAAP financial measures versus their nearest GAAP equivalents. For example, other companies may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison. Please see the Appendix for reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their nearest GAAP equivalents and for the calculation of certain other financial metrics.

Management evaluates the financial performance of our business on a variety of key indicators, including non-GAAP metrics of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted arrnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin and FCF. Adjusted EBITDA is a financial measure equal to net (loss) income, the most directly comparable financial measure based on US GAAP, excluding interest (income) expense, net, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation expense, gain on extinguishment of debt, litigation costs, and write-off of long-lived assets and others, as noted in the tables below. We define adjusted EBITDA margin as adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. We define adjusted net income (loss), excluding share-based compensation expense, amortization of share-based compensation capitalized in intangible assets, and discrete tax items, and including the tax effect of adjustments. We define adjusted dearnings (loss) per share as adjusted net income (loss) divided by the weighted average shares outstanding. We define adjusted gross profit as revenue less cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), and adjusted gross margin as adjusted gross profit as a percentage of revenue. We define FCF as net cash provided by operating activities reduced by purchase of property and equipment and capitalized costs included in intangible assets.

In order to assist readers of our consolidated financial statements in understanding the operating results that management uses to evaluate the business and for financial planning purposes, we present non-GAAP measures of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin, and FCF as supplemental measures of our operating performance. We believe they provide useful information to our investors as they eliminate the impact of certain items that we do not consider indicative of our cash operations and ongoing operating performance. In addition, we use them as an integral part of our internal reporting to measure the performance and operating strength of our business.

We believe adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin, and FCF are relevant and provide useful information frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties in their evaluation of the operating performance of companies similar to ours and are indicators of the operational strength of our business. We believe adjusted EBITDA eliminates the uneven effect of considerable amounts of non-cash depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation expense, and the interested partice of periods or forecasts. Adjusted EBITDA margin is calculated as adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. We believe adjusted net income (loss) provides additional means of evaluating period-over-period operating performance by eliminating certain non-cash expenses and other items that might otherwise make comparisons of our ongoing business with prior periods or of share-based compensation capitalized in intangible assets, and discrete tax items, and including the tax effect of adjustments. Our adjusted gross profit is a measure used by management in evaluating the business's current operating performance by excluding the impact of prior historical costs of assets that are expensed systematically and allocated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which may not be indicative of the current operating activity. Our adjusted gross profit is calculated by using revenue, less cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization). We believe adjusted gross profit provides useful information to our investors by eliminating thereds in our underlying business consistently over multiple periods. Adjusted pross margin is calculated as adjusted expenditures, for operatinal expenses and investment in our business. FCF is a measure used by unangement that outpertage of revenue. We believe FCF is an important liquidity measure of the cash that is available, after capital expenditures, for operationa

Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin, and FCF are not intended to be performance measures that should be regarded as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, financial measures presented in accordance with US GAAP. In addition, FCF is not intended to represent our residual cash flow available for discretionary expenses and is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs. The way we measure adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted represented in accordance with US GAAP. In addition, FCF is not intended to represent our residual cash flow available for discretionary expenses and is not necessarily a measure of our ability to fund our cash needs. The way we measure adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin, and FCF may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies, and may not be identical to corresponding measures used in our various agreements.

© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Cautionary Statement

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements," as that term is defined under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (PSLRA), which statements may be identified by words such as "expects," "plans," "projects," "will," "may," "anticipate," "believes," "should," "intends," "estimates," and other words of similar meaning. Such forward-looking statements include non-historical statements about our expectations, beliefs or intentions regarding our business, technologies and products, financial condition, strategies or prospects. There are a number of important factors that could cause actual results or events to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including: the risks set forth under the heading "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" in Red Violet, Inc. ("we," "us," "our," "red violet," or the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 filed on March 7, 2024, as may be supplemented or amended by red violet's other SEC filings. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are based on red violet's expectations as of the date of this presentation and speak only as of the date of this presentation. red violet undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Without limiting the foregoing, the inclusion of the financial projections in this presentation should not be regarded as an indication that the Company considered, or now considers, them to be a reliable prediction of the future results. The financial projections were not prepared with a view towards public disclosure or with a view to complying with the published guidelines of the Securities Exchange Commission, the guidelines established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants with respect to prospective financial projections, nor any other independent accountants, have compiled, examined or performed any procedures with respect to the financial projections, nor have they expressed any opinion or any other form of assurance on such information or its achievability. Although the financial projections were prepared based on assumptions and estimates that the Company's management believes are reasonable, the Company provides no assurance that the assumptions made in preparing the financial projections will prove accurate or that actual results will be consistent with these financial projections. Projections of this type involve significant risks and uncertainties, should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results and will not necessarily be accurate indicators of whether or not such results will be achieved.

Management evaluates the financial performance of our business on a variety of key indicators, including non-GAAP metrics of adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin, adjusted net income (loss), adjusted earnings (loss) per share, adjusted gross profit, adjusted gross margin, and free cash flow ("FCF"). Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure equal to net income (loss), the most directly comparable financial measure based on US GAAP, excluding interest income, net, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation and amortization, share-based compensation expense, litigation costs, and write-off of long-lived assets and others. We define adjusted EBITDA margin as adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenue. Adjusted net income (loss) is a non-GAAP financial measure equal to net income (loss), the most directly comparable financial measure based on US GAAP, excluding share-based compensation expense, amortization of share-based compensation capitalized in intangible assets, and discrete tax items, and including the tax effect of adjustments. We define adjusted earnings (loss) per share as adjusted to income (loss) divided by the weighted average shares outstanding. We define adjusted gross profit as revenue less cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization), and adjusted gross margin as adjusted gross profit as a percentage of revenue. We define FCF as net cash provided by operating activities reduced by purchase of property and equipment and capitalized costs included in intangible assets.

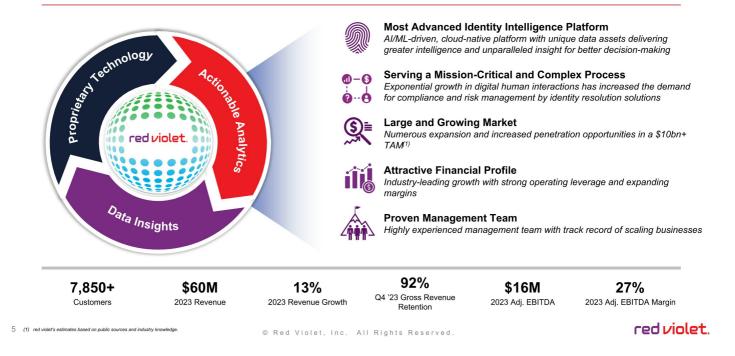
© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved



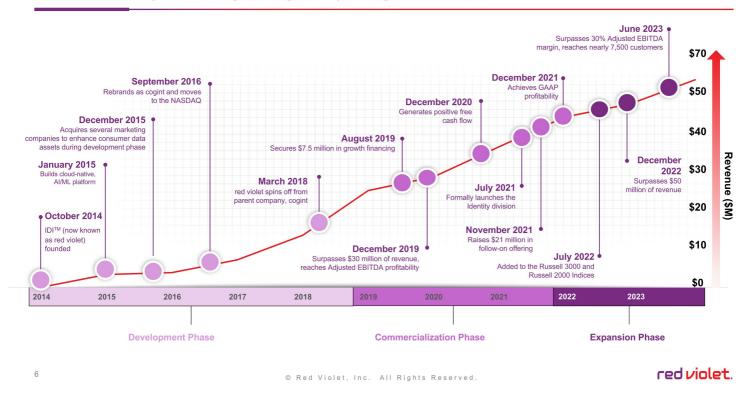
Revolutionizing risk management with advanced identity intelligence solutions

We develop AI/ML-driven identity intelligence and fraud prevention solutions that make the world a safer place and reduce the cost of doing business.

Dedicated to making the world a safer place through delivery of industry-leading identity solutions

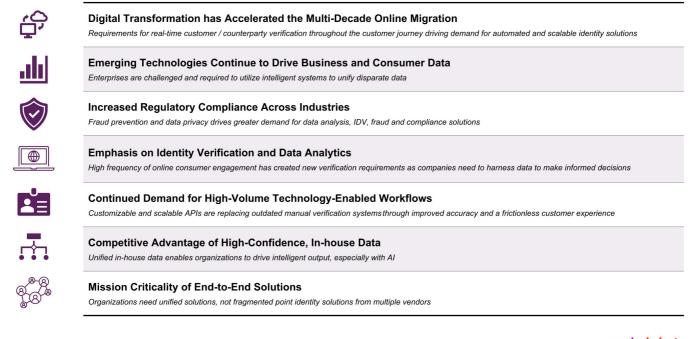


red violet's Journey to Providing Leading Identity Intelligence Solutions



Key Growth Drivers

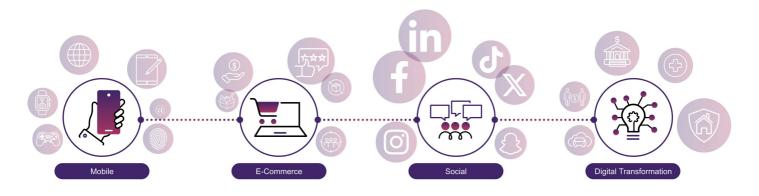
7



© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

The Proliferation of Data...

8



...Creates Complex Problems for Organizations to Navigate

© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

98% of financial institutions globally experienced fraud in 2023 with 25% of them losing more than \$1M in that time.

2024 State of Fraud Benchmark Report, Allov

Identity fraud issues aren't reserved for large enterprises. 90% of small businesses have

experienced attacks.

The State of Identity Verification in 2023, Regula

The total amount of money individuals lost in fraud cases increased from \$3.3 billion to \$8.8 billion from 2020 to 2022. National Consumers League

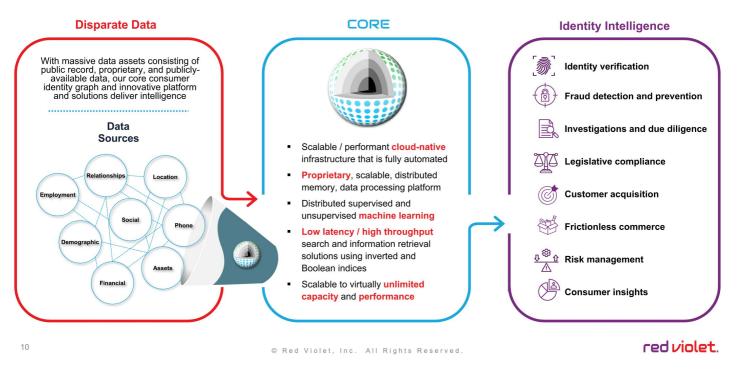
9

91% of organizations are planning to boost their investment in identity verification solutions by at least 10%. The State of Identity Verification in 2023, Regula

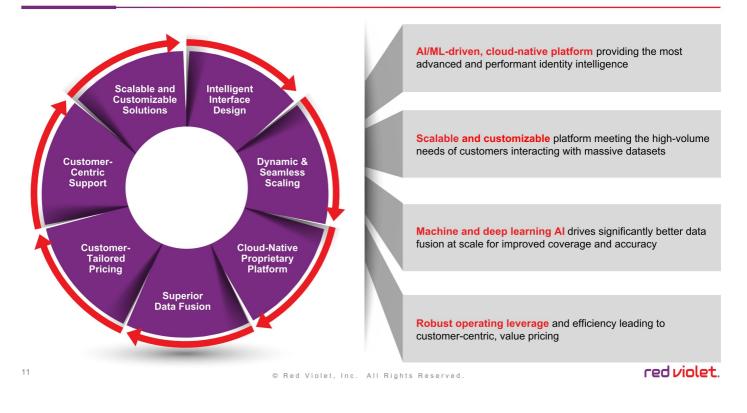
The U.S. Small Business Administration and Government Accountability Office estimates more than \$300 billion in fraud stemming from COVID-19 relief programs. How the FBI is Combating COVID-19 Related Fraud FBI Springfield Field Office

© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

red violet's Al/ML-driven CORE platform ingests, assimilates, and unifies disparate data providing actionable identity intelligence



Why We Win



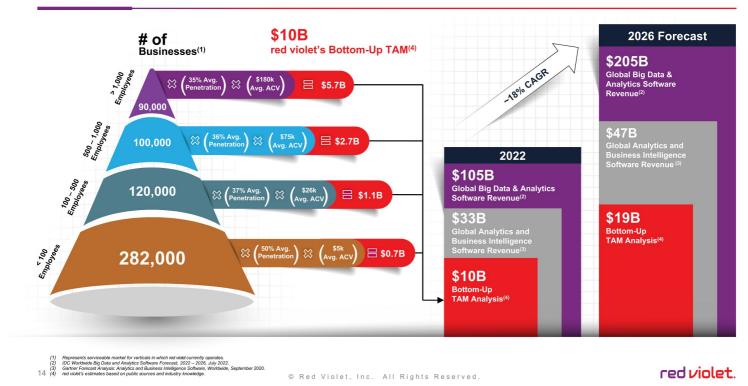
Significant Momentum Builds to Continued Success



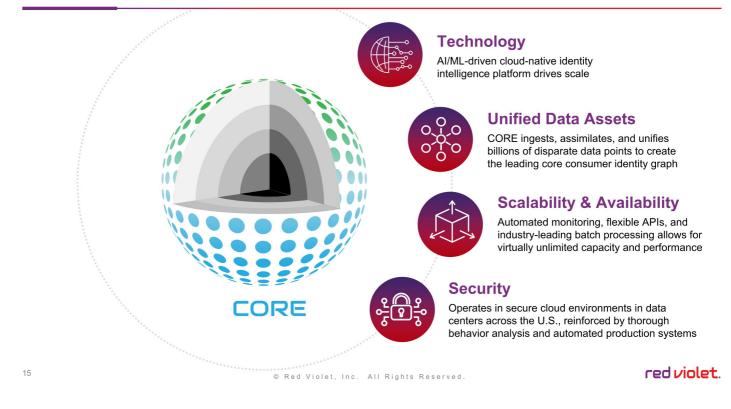
Highly Experienced Management Team

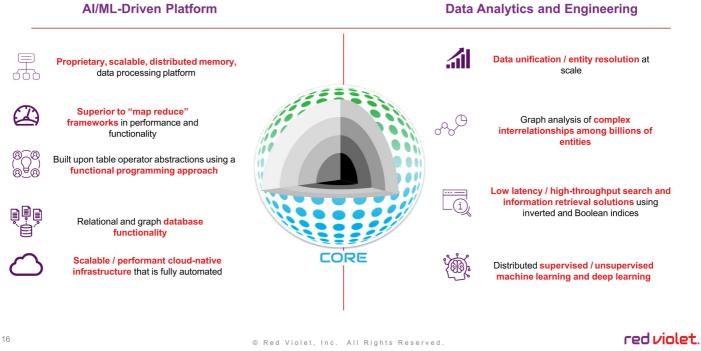
Nan	ne and Title	Biography	Prior Experience
	Derek Dubner CEO	 Over 20 years of experience in the data and analytics industry Built leading information management companies which sold for an aggregate value of approximately \$1 billion 	cogint. TransUnion TLOxp EQUIFAX seisint
	James Reilly President	 Over 20 years of executive experience in data markets 	cogint. TransUnion TLOxp.
	Dan MacLachlan CFO	 Over 15 years of experience as the CFO of data-driven technology companies 	cogint. TransUnion. TLOxp.
	Jeff Dell CIO	 Over 20 years of experience in Information Security as an executive in data-driven technology companies 	cogint. tripwire seisint
	Angus Macnab CTO	 Over 20 years of experience in data science, engineering, and scientific computing 	cogint.
13		© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Res	erved. red violet.

red violet Plays in a Large and Fast-Growing TAM

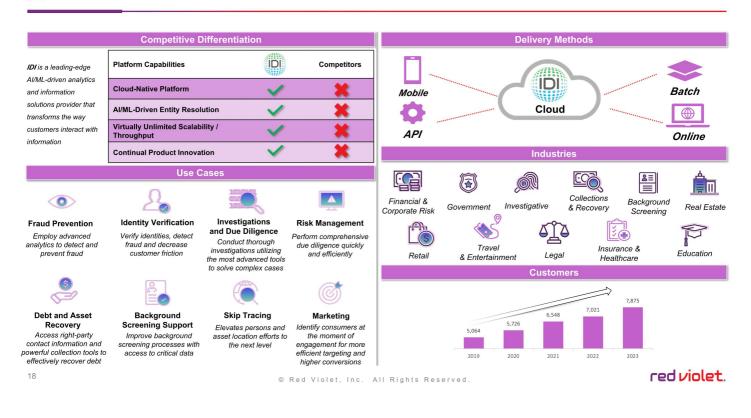


red violet's Platform Differentiation











Identity Verification, Fraud Prevention & Frictionless Commerce

Multinational Financial Services Company

Comprehensive identity data and insights are needed to reduce friction, improve conversions, and combat fraud

This customer, a \$350 billion financial services company, required robust, comprehensive, and highly accurate verification solutions in-house to service its own needs, as well as the growing needs of its customer base. Due to the comprehensive coverage of our data assets, and the accuracy, speed, and scalability of our transaction processing, we won their business and continue to integrate further solutions into their platform under a multi-year agreement.



Commercial Entity Resolution

Leading Provider of Commercial Real Estate Intelligence

Commercial real estate is swimming in unstructured data that has become overwhelming and difficult to unify

This multibillion-dollar commercial real estate analytics provider needed better underlying identity data to fuel critical aspects of their commercial real estate due diligence platform. Challenged with understanding exact consumer identities associated with ownership entities gleaned from property-centric information, the customer found our deep, unified data assets, coupled with advanced data delivery and querying capabilities, to be unmatched. Following a brief testing period, a wholesale switch occurred from their previous provider, and they are currently served under a multi-year agreement.

19

© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.



Background Screening Support

Leading Global Data & Analytics Company

Timely and accurate information is critical to keeping workplaces and businesses safe

Customer needed a high-volume performant information solution to validate identity and fully inform applicant location histories in support of background verifications and investigations. We won this business from competitive solutions due to our AI/ML-driven platform providing higher quality information through a more scalable and performant API. A customer since early 2017, we have established a great relationship that has seen their business with us grow exponentially since inception and through a recent acquisition by one of the leading global information solution providers.



Leading Identity and People Search Platform

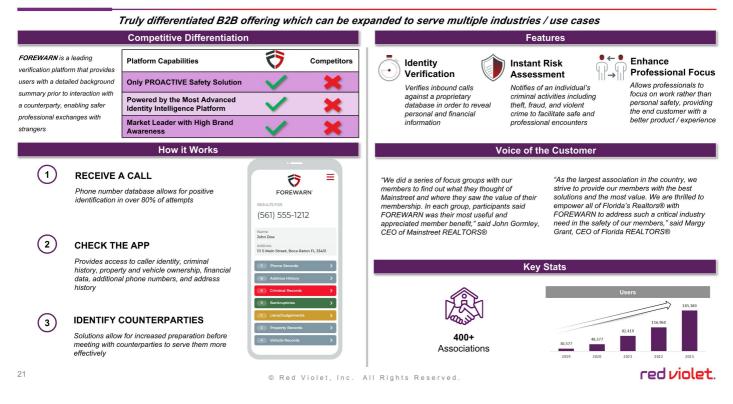
Digital identity is evolving and partnering with a leading-edge provider is a must

This customer sought greater depth of identity coverage as well as faster, more flexible, and more efficient API delivery to power their offerings. In mid 2021, we engaged in significant testing against competing solutions and were selected as the core identity provider due to the capabilities of our identity intelligence platform. Currently under a multi-year, multimillion-dollar agreement, this relationship continues to grow at a fast pace, with our solutions now powering additional industry verticals that this company serves, as well as being slated as the primary source of information for additional services to come.

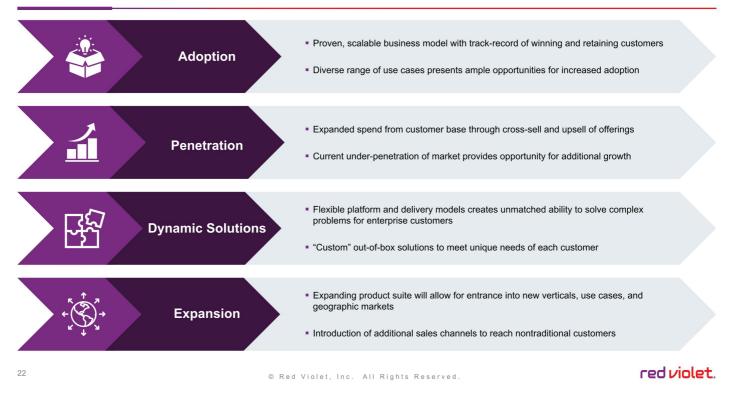
© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

20

FOREWARN



Numerous Opportunities to Accelerate Organic Growth





New Customer Acquisition	New opportunities are sourced from each of the 3 primary channels below Once an opportunity is qualified and credentialed for a use case, the customer generally begins with a free trial The free trial is followed either by contracting for a minimum-committed monthly spend or on a transactional basis
1 Inside Sales	Cultivates relationships through inbound/outbound calling, and ultimately closes business with their end-user markets
2 Strategic Sales	With leading industry knowledge, provides a more personal, face-to-face approach for top-tier accounts within certain industries
³ Distributors, Resellers Strategic Partners	& Leveraging our enterprise capabilities, we strategically power organizations through distribution channels that add flexibility, efficiency and reach to our sales model
<i>Existing Customers</i> Land and Expand	As organizations derive benefits from our solutions, we are able to expand within organizations as additional use cases are presented across departments, divisions and geographic locations and customers become increasingly reliant on our solutions in their daily workflow
23	© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.



Revenue Highlights

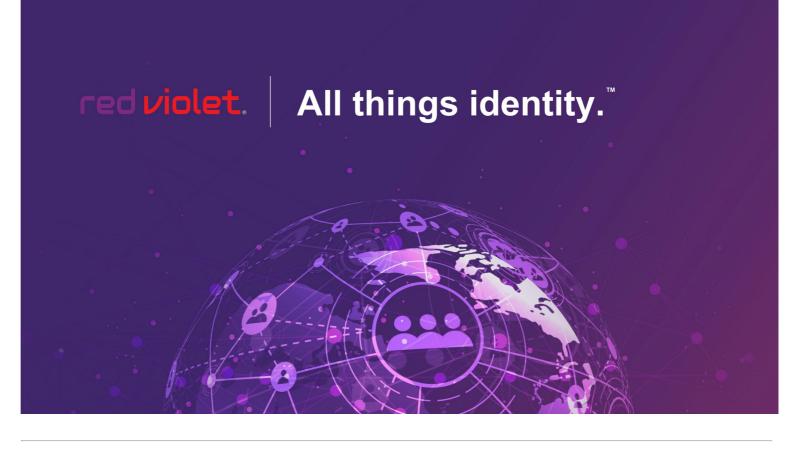


© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Adjusted EBITDA Highlights



26 (1) Adjusted gross margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP financial measures.





Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(In thousands)	2017	2018	2019	01/20	02'20	03'20	04'20	Q1'21	Q2'21 (U	Q3'21	Q4'21	01'22	02'22	03'22	04'22	01'23	02'23	03'23	Q4'23
Net income (loss)	\$ (21,500) \$			\$ (1.481) \$	(2,532) \$		\$ (1,875) \$	(578) \$	1,761 \$	1,256			(205) \$		S (1.544) S		\$ 1,388	\$ 12,495	\$ (1.070
Income tax expense (benefit)	- ((ujuuu) u	(11,010)	• ((),) •	(-,) +		- (1,012) -	(4.1.4) 0			198	175	44	25	(148)	(29)	160	(10,384)	(387
Interest expense (income), net		(84)	(136)	(31)		7	6	5	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	-	(125)	(225)	(286)	(315)	(346)	562
Depreciation and amortization	1,138	1,996	2.889	910	992	1,118	1,196	1,258	1.330	1.345	1,466	1,534	1,613	1,713	1,815	1,916	2,054	2,171	2,211
Share-based compensation expense	2,871	709	9.913	2,221	2.342	1.853	1.648	2.048	2.165	986	1.418	1.387	1.406	1,273	1.439	1.384	1,305	1.369	1,328
Gain on extinguishment of debt		-		-	-	-		-	(2,175)	-		-							
Litigation costs, net	9,191	382	54					120	6			15	76	37	4	3	45	1	
Acquisition-related costs																			
Sales and use tax expense			205																
Insurance proceeds in relation to settled litigation		(350)	205																
Transition service income		(218)																	
Write-off of long-lived assets and others		92	44	111	106	35	222	19	41	34		2		4	171	2		56	19
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (8,300) \$		1,893	\$ 1.730 S	908 S	2.088	S 1.197 S	2,872 \$	3.132 \$	3,620	\$ 1.306 5	3.220 S	2.934 S	5.185	\$ 1.512 \$	3.706	\$ 4.637		\$ 2.663
	\$ 8,578 \$	16,302 \$	30,286	\$ 9,300 S	7,056 \$	9,267	\$ 8,963 \$	10,217 \$	10,879 \$	11,668			12,494 \$	15,026	\$ 13,069 \$		\$ 14,680	\$ 15,837	\$ 15,061
Revenue	5 8,5/8 5	16,302 \$	30,280	\$ 9,300 \$	7,056 \$	9,207 :	\$ 8,903 3	10,217 \$	10,879 5	11,008	11,258 3	12,729 \$	12,494 \$	15,026	\$ 13,069 5	14,020	5 14,080	\$ 15,837	\$ 15,001
Net income (loss) margin	(250.6%)	(42.1%)	(36.6%)	(15.9%)	(35.9%)	(10.0%)	(20.9%)	(5.7%)	16.2%	10.8%	(15.8%)	0.8%	(1.6%)	15.0%	(11.8%)	4.9%	9.5%	78.0%	(7.1%
						(10.0%)	(20.9%)		28.8%	31.0%		25.3%		34.5%		4.9%	31.6%	33.9%	
Adjusted EBITDA margin	(96.8%)	(26.6%)	6.3%	18.6%	12.9%	22.5%	13.4%	28.1%	28.8%	31.0%	11.6%	25.3%	23.5%	34.5%	11.6%	25.3%	31.6%	33.9%	17.75
									(U	audited)									
(In thousands, except share data)				Q1'20	Q2'20	Q3*20	Q4'20	Q1'21	Q2'21	Q3'21	Q4'21		Q2'22	Q3'22	Q4'22	Q1'23	Q2'23	Q3'23	Q4'23
Net income (loss)	\$ (21,500) \$	(6,868) \$	(11,076)	\$ (1,481) \$	(2,532) \$	(925)	\$ (1,875) \$	(578) \$	1,761 \$	1,256	6 (1,784) S	107 S	(205) \$	2,258	\$ (1,544) \$	716	\$ 1,388	\$ 12,495	\$ (1,070
hare-based compensation expense	2.871	709	9,913	2.221	2.342	1.853	1.648	2.046	2,165	986	1.418	1.387	1.406	1.273	1.439	1.384	1,305	1.369	1,328
Amortization of share-based compensation capitalized																			
in intangible assets	94	171	246	80	97	114	125	135	147	157	166	174	184	198	210	222	235	249	263
Discrete tax items										-				-	-			(10,272)	
Tax effect of adjustments																		(1,275)	(251
Adjusted net income (loss)	\$ (18,535) \$	(5,988) \$	(917)	\$ 820 S	(93) \$	1,042	\$ (102) \$	1,603 S	4,073 S	2,399	(200) S	1,668 \$	1,385 \$	3,729	\$ 105 S	2.322	\$ 2,928	\$ 2,566	
	5 (18,535) 5	(5,988) 3	(917)	S 820 S	(93) \$	1,042	s (102) s	1,603 3	4,073 3	2,599	5 (200) S	1,668 3	1,385 \$	3,729	\$ 105 \$	2,322	5 2,928	\$ 2,566	\$ 2/0
Earnings (loss) per share:																			
Basic	(2.09)	(0.67)	(1.03)	(0.13)	(0.22)	(0.08)	(0.14)	(0.05)	0.14	0.10	(0.14)	0.01	(0.01)	0.16	(0.11)	0.05	0.10	0.90	(0.08
Diluted	(2.09)	(0.67)	(1.03)	(0.13)	(0.22)	(0.08)	(0.14)	(0.05)	0.13	0.09	(0.14)	0.01	(0.01)	0.16	(0.11)	0.05	0.10	0.87	(0.08
djusted earnings (loss) per share:																			
Basic	(1.81)	(0.58)	(0.09)	0.07	(0.01)	0.09	(0.01)	0.13	0.33	0.19	(0.02)	0.12	0.10	0.27	0.01	0.17	0.21	0.18	0.02
Diluted	(1.81)	(0.58)	(0.09)	0.06	(0.01)	0.08	(0.01)	0.12	0.30	0.18	(0.02)	0.12	0.10	0.27	0.01	0.16	0.21	0.18	0.02
	(1.81)	(0.38)	(0.09)	0.00	(0.01)	0.08	(0.01)	0.12	0.30	0.18	(0.02)	0.12	0.10	0.27	0.01	0.18	0.21	0.18	0.02
Weighted average shares outstanding:																			
Basic			0,762,881	11,583,214 11					2,269,412 1			3,543,607 13							
Diluted	10,266,613 10	0,266,613 10	0,762,881	13,081,199 11	,617,342 13	,107,977	12,173,301 1	3,421,107 1	,560,714 1	,645,208	13,158,638	4,047,635 14	109,243 13	3,764,262	14,205,633 1	4,236,771	14,172,024	14,329,878	14,307,797
									a	audited									
(In thousands)	2017	2018	2019	Q1'20	Q2"20	Q3*20	Q4'20	01'21	02'21	Q3'21	04'21	Q1'22	02'22	Q3*22	04'22	01'23	02*23	Q3'23	04'23
Revenue	S 8,578 S	16,302 \$	30,286	\$ 9,300 \$	7,056 \$	9,267	\$ 8,963 S		10,879 \$	11,668	04-21 5 11,258 S			15,026	\$ 13,069 S		\$ 14,680		\$ 15,061
													12,494 \$						
Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	7,066	8,638	12,257 2,637	3,292	2,587	2,703	2,694	2,761	2,720	2,787	2,927	3,170	2,920	3,067	3,054	3,179	3,240	3,313 2,112	3,337
									1,330					1,659			1,995		z,154
	(1)	6.02.4																	
Gross profit	646	5,934	15,392	5,158	3,535	5,501	5,126	6,198	6,829	7,593	6,924	8,087	8,023		8,257	9,589	9,445	10,412	
Gross profit Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets	866	1,730	2,637	850	934	1,063	1,143	1,258	1,330	1,288	1,407	1,472	1,551	1,659	1,758	1,858	1,995	10,412 2,112	2,154
Gross profit Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets																		10,412	2,154
Gross profit Depreciation and amortization of intangible assets Adjusted gross profit	866 \$ 1,512 \$	1,730 7,664 \$	2,637 18,029	850 \$ 6,008 \$	934 4,469 \$	1,063 6,564	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$	1,258 7,456 \$	1,330 8,159 \$	1,288 8,881	1,407 8,331 \$	1,472 9,559 \$	1,551 9,574 \$	1,659 11,959	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$	1,858	1,995 \$ 11,440	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524	2,154 \$ 11,724
Gross profit Sepreciation and amortization of intangible assets Mjusted gross profit Gross margin	866 \$ 1,512 \$ 8%	1,730 7,664 \$ 36%	2,637 18,029 51%	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5%	934 4,469 \$ 50.1%	1,063 6,564 59.4%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8%	1,288 8,881 65.1%	1,407 8 8,331 \$ 61.5%	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2%	1,659 11,959 68.5%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2%	1,858 11,447 65.6%	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3%	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7%	9,570 2,154 \$ 11,724 63.55
Gross profit Appreciation and amortization of intangible assets adjusted gross profit Gross margin	866 \$ 1,512 \$	1,730 7,664 \$	2,637 18,029	850 \$ 6,008 \$	934 4,469 \$	1,063 6,564	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$	1,258 7,456 \$	1,330 8,159 \$	1,288 8,881	1,407 8,331 \$	1,472 9,559 \$	1,551 9,574 \$	1,659 11,959	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$	1,858	1,995 \$ 11,440	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524	2,154 \$ 11,724
Gross profit Appreciation and amortization of intangible assets adjusted gross profit Gross margin	866 \$ 1,512 \$ 8%	1,730 7,664 \$ 36%	2,637 18,029 51%	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5%	934 4,469 \$ 50.1%	1,063 6,564 59.4%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0%	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1%	1,407 8 8,331 \$ 61.5%	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2%	1,659 11,959 68.5%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2%	1,858 11,447 65.6%	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3%	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7%	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.55
Gross profit Spreciation and amortization of intagible assets Mjusted gross profit Gross margin Mjusted gross margin	866 \$ 1,512 \$ 8%	1,730 7,664 \$ 36%	2,637 18,029 51%	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5%	934 4,469 \$ 50.1%	1,063 6,564 59.4%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0%	1,288 8,881 65.1%	1,407 8 8,331 \$ 61.5%	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2%	1,659 11,959 68.5%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2%	1,858 11,447 65.6%	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3%	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7%	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.55
Gross profit Oppreciation and amortization of intagible assets Mjusted gross profit Gross margin Mjusted gross margin	866 \$ 1,512 \$ 8%	1,730 7,664 \$ 36%	2,637 18,029 51%	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5%	934 4,469 \$ 50.1%	1,063 6,564 59.4%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0%	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1%	1,407 8 8,331 \$ 61.5%	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2%	1,659 11,959 68.5%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2%	1,858 11,447 65.6%	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3%	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7%	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.55
Gross profit Upperciation on automotization of intangible assets Mjusted gross profit Gross margin Mijusted gross margin In theorem	866 \$ 1,512 \$ 8% 18%	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47%	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5% 64.6%	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3%	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70,8%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57,2% 69,9%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7% 73.0%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0%	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1%	1,407 5 8,331 8 61.5% 74.0% Q4'21	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2% 76.6%	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2% 76.6%	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% Q1'23	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9% Q2'23	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7% 79.1% Q3'23	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.5* 77.8* Q4'23
Gross profit Operation on amoritation of intangible assets Adjusted gross profit Gross margin Majusted gross margin Inthusank) Net cash provided by (need in) operating activities	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% 18% 2017	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47%	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55.5% 64.6% Q1'20	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% Q2'20	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70.8%	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57,2% 69,9%	1,258 7,456 \$ 60.7% 73.0%	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (U Q2'21	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1% audic@ Q3'21	1,407 5 8,331 8 61.5% 74.0% Q4'21	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2% 76.6%	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2% 76.6%	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3%	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9%	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7% 79.1%	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.5* 77.8* Q4'23
Depreciation and amortization of intragible assets Gross profit Depreciation and amortization of intragible assets adjusted gross program Adjusted gross margin Adjusted gross margin forbanash Net cash perotoked by (smd la) operating activities Less: Purches of romerers and containment	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% 18% 2017 <u>\$ (10,411) \$</u>	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47%	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019	850 5 6,008 S 55,5% 64,6% 01'20 5 1,249 S	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% 02'20 1,754 \$	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70.8% 93'20 1,746	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2% 69.9% Q4'20 \$ 1,770 \$	1,258 7,456 \$ 60,7% 73,0% QP21 1,232 \$	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (U Q2'21	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1% audic@ Q3'21	1,407 5 8,331 5 61.5% 74.0% 04*21 5 1,951 5	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1% Q1'22 6 2,430 \$	1,551 9,574 \$ 64,2% 76.6% Q2'22 2,525 \$	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6% Q3*22 3,145	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2% 76.6% Q4'22 \$ 4,359 \$	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% Q1'23 1,531	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9% 9223 \$ 3,547	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7% 79.1% Q3*23 \$ 5,789	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.5* 77.8* 94'23 \$ 4,204
Gross profit Orress profit Gross margin Gross margin Mijosted gross margin Inthonana) Set cash provided by (med in) operating activities Less: Drahes of property and equipment	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% 18% <u>2017</u> <u>\$ (10,411) \$</u> (515)	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47% 2018 (8,053) \$	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019 1,647 (90)	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55,5% 64,6% 01'20 \$ 1,249 \$ (33)	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% Q2'20	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70.8% 03'20 1,746 (37)	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2% 69.9% Q4'20 \$ 1,770 \$ (56)	1,258 7,456 \$ 60,7% 73,0% Q1'21 1,232 \$ (46)	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (0 92'21 2,301 \$ (109)	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1% 93°21 3,464 (68)	1,407 8 8,331 \$ 61.5% 74.0% 04*21 8 1,951 \$ (57)	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1%	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2% 76.6% 2,525 \$ (108)	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6%	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63,2% 76.6% Q4'22 \$ 4,359 \$ (102)	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% 01'23 1,531 (44)	1,995 \$ 11,440 64,3% 77.9% 92'23 \$ 3,547 (7)	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7% 79.1% Q3*23 \$ 5,789 (47)	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.5 77.8 94'23 \$ 4,204 (24
Ziros profit Ziros profit Mginted gross profit Ziross margin Mginted gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross marginet Science Control (1998) and Sciences Marginet Control (199	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% <u>18%</u> <u>2017</u> <u>\$ (10,411) \$</u> (515) (5,953)	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47% 2018 : (8,053) \$ (90) (5,911)	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019 1,647 (90) (5,912)	850 5 6,008 S 55.5% 64.6% 91'29 S 1,249 S (33) (1,538)	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% 02'20 1,754 \$ (28)	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70.8% 93'20 1,746	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57.2% 69.9% Q4'20 \$ 1,770 \$	1,258 7,456 \$ 60,7% 73,0% 9,121 1,232 \$ (46) (1,247)	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (0 92'21 2,301 \$ (109) (1,173)	1,288 8,881 : 65.1% 76.1% audited Q3'21 3,464 :	1,407 5 8,331 5 61.5% 74.0% 04*21 5 1,951 5	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1% 9122 6 2,430 \$ (113) (1,794)	1,551 9,574 \$ 64,2% 76,6% 2,525 \$ (108) (2,099)	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6% 03'22 3,145 (50)	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63.2% 76.6% Q4'22 \$ 4,359 \$	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% Q1'23 1,531	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9% 9223 \$ 3,547	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65.7% 79.1% Q3*23 \$ 5,789	2,154 \$ 11,724 63,5% 77,8% 04'23 \$ 4,204 (24 (2,103
Gross profit Operation on amoritation of intangible assets Adjusted gross profit Gross margin Majusted gross margin Inthusank) Net cash provided by (need in) operating activities	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% 18% <u>2017</u> <u>\$ (10,411) \$</u> (515)	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47% 2018 : (8,053) \$ (90) (5,911)	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019 1,647 (90)	850 5 6,008 S 55.5% 64.6% 91'29 5 1,249 S (33) (1,538)	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% 02'20 1,754 \$ (28) (1,550)	1,063 6,564 59,4% 70,8% 0,8% 1,746 (37) (1,222)	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57,2% 69,9% Q4/20 \$ 1,770 \$ (56) (1,198)	1,258 7,456 \$ 60,7% 73,0% Q1'21 1,232 \$ (46)	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (0 92'21 2,301 \$ (109)	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1% 93'21 3,464 (68) (1,129)	1,407 8,331 \$ 61.5% 74.0% 04*21 5 1,951 \$ (57) (1,415)	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1% 01'22 2,430 \$ (113)	1,551 9,574 \$ 64.2% 76.6% 2,525 \$ (108)	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6% 03'22 3,145 (50) (2,246)	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63,2% 76.6% Q4'22 \$ 4,359 \$ (102) (2,317)	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% 91'23 1,531 (44) (2,273)	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9% Q223 \$ 3,547 (7) (2,236)	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65,7% 79,1% 03°25 \$ 5,789 (47) (2,412) \$ 3,330	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.55 77.85 04*23 \$ 4,204 (24 (2,103 \$ 2,077
Ziros profit Ziros profit Mginted gross profit Ziross margin Mginted gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross margin Ministrad gross marginet Science Control (1998) and Sciences Marginet Control (199	866 <u>\$ 1,512 \$</u> 8% <u>18%</u> <u>2017</u> <u>\$ (10,411) \$</u> (515) (5,953)	1,730 7,664 \$ 36% 47% 2018 : (8,053) \$ (90) (5,911)	2,637 18,029 51% 60% 2019 1,647 (90) (5,912)	850 \$ 6,008 \$ 55,5% 64,6% \$ 1,249 \$ (1,538) \$ (322) \$	934 4,469 \$ 50,1% 63,3% 02*20 1,754 \$ (28) (1,550) 176 \$	1,063 6,564 3 59,4% 70.8% 0,3% 1,746 3 (37) (1,222) 487	1,143 \$ 6,269 \$ 57,2% 69,9% Q4/20 \$ 1,770 \$ (56) (1,198)	1,258 7,456 \$ 60,7% 73,0% 91'21 1,232 \$ (46) (1,247) (61) \$	1,330 8,159 \$ 62.8% 75.0% (U 92'21 2,301 \$ (109) (1,173) 1,019 \$	1,288 8,881 65.1% 76.1% 9321 3,464 (68) (1,129) 2,267	04*21 04*25 04*55 04*55 04*55 04*55 04	1,472 9,559 \$ 63.5% 75.1% 9122 6 2,430 \$ (113) (1,794)	1,551 9,574 \$ 64,2% 76,6% 2,525 \$ (108) (2,099)	1,659 11,959 68.5% 79.6% 03'22 3,145 (50) (2,246)	1,758 \$ 10,015 \$ 63,2% 76.6% Q4'22 \$ 4,359 \$ (102) (2,317)	1,858 11,447 65.6% 78.3% 91'23 1,531 (44) (2,273)	1,995 \$ 11,440 64.3% 77.9% Q223 \$ 3,547 (7) (2,236)	10,412 2,112 \$ 12,524 65,7% 79,1% 03°25 \$ 5,789 (47) (2,412) \$ 3,330	2,154 \$ 11,724 63.5 ⁴ 77.8 ⁴ 94*23 \$ 4,204 (24) (25) (24) (24) (25)

Supplemental Metrics and Definitions

The following metrics are intended as a supplement to the financial information found in this presentation and other information furnished or filed with the SEC. These supplemental metrics are not necessarily derived from any underlying financial statement amounts. We believe these supplemental metrics help investors understand trends within our business and evaluate the performance of such trends quickly and effectively. In the event of discrepancies between amounts in these tables and the Company's historical disclosures or financial statements readers should rely on the Company's filings with the SEC and financial statements in the Company's most recent earnings release. We intend to periodically review and refine the definition, methodology and appropriateness of each of these supplemental metrics. As a result, metrics are subject to removal and/or changes, and such changes could be material

(Dollars in thousands)	 04'21	 Q1'22	 Q2'22	 Q3'22	Q4'22	 Q1'23	 Q2'23	 Q3'23		04'23
Customer metrics	 (V	 Q. 11	 Q	 Q	 <u>(</u>	 Q. 20	-	Q
IDI - billable customers ⁽¹⁾	6,548	6,592	6,817	6,873	7,021	7,256	7,497	7,769		7,875
FOREWARN - users ⁽²⁾	82,419	91,490	101,261	110,051	116,960	131,348	146,537	168,356		185,380
Revenue metrics										
Contractual revenue %(3)	79%	77%	80%	68%	77%	75%	79%	79%		82%
Gross revenue retention % ⁽⁴⁾	96%	97%	95%	94%	95%	94%	94%	94%		92%
Revenue from new customers ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 920	\$ 1,014	\$ 805	\$ 2,016	\$ 1,216	\$ 1,869	\$ 1,147	\$ 1,326	\$	1,258
Base revenue from existing customers ⁽⁶⁾	\$ 9,114	\$ 9,721	\$ 10,164	\$ 10,839	\$ 10,574	\$ 11,121	\$ 11,707	\$ 12,432	\$	12,111
Growth revenue from existing customers(7)	\$ 1,224	\$ 1,994	\$ 1,525	\$ 2,171	\$ 1,279	\$ 1,636	\$ 1,826	\$ 2,079	\$	1,692
Other metrics										
Employees - sales and marketing	54	59	57	64	68	61	63	65		71
Employees - support	10	10	9	10	10	10	9	9		9
Employees - infrastructure	18	23	25	25	28	27	26	27		27
Employees - engineering	37	50	52	52	54	47	47	47		51
Employees - administration	22	26	27	26	27	25	25	25		25

We define a billable customer of IDI as a single entity that generated revenue in the last three months of the period. Billable customers are typically corporate organizations. In most cases, corporate organizations will have multiple users and/or departments purchasing our solutions, however, we count the entire organization as a discrete customer. (1)

(2) We define a user of FOREWARN as a unique person that has a subscription to use the FOREWARN service as of the last day of the period. A unique person can only have one user account. (3)

Contractual revenue % represents revenue generated from customers pursuant to pricing contracts containing a monthly fee and any additional overage divided by total revenue. Pricing contracts are generally annual contracts or longer, with auto renewal.

Gross revenue retention is defined as the revenue retained from existing customers, net of reinstated revenue, and excluding expansion revenue. Revenue is measured once a customer has generated revenue for six consecutive months. Revenue is considered lost when all revenue from a customer cases for three consecutive months; revenue generated by a customer after the three-month loss period is defined as reinstated revenue. Gross revenue retention percentage is calculated on a trailing theelve-month basis. The numerator of which is revenue based on an average of total revenue. Hospinning of each month during the period, with the quotient subtracted from one. Prot O q122, FOREWARN revenue was excluded from our gross revenue retention calculation. Beginning Q422, our gross revenue retention calculation excludes revenue from idi/VERIFIED, which is purely transactional and currently represents less than 3% of total revenue. (4) Revenue from new customers represents the total monthly revenue generated from new customers in a given period. A customer is defined as a new customer during the first six months of revenue generation. (5)

(6) Base revenue from existing customers represents the total monthly revenue generated from existing customers in a given period that does not exceed the customers' trailing six-month average revenue. A customer is defined as an existing customer six months after their initial month of revenue.

(7) Growth revenue from existing customers represents the total monthly revenue generated from existing customers in a given period in excess of the customers' trailing six-month average rever

30

© Red Violet, Inc. All Rights Reserved.